Keep Food Safe: Clean, Sanitize, and Disinfect

CACFP iTrain Simple Lesson Plan



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Intended Audience: CACFP personnel and other child care staff **Description:** This lesson explains how to use cleaning, rinsing, and sanitizing good practices to prevent contamination of food.

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Institute of Child Nutrition The University of Mississippi

Contributing Content Specialists

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| Time | Торіс | Activity | Materials |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Introduction | | | |
| 5 minutes | Introduction and Overview | | PowerPoint slide deck Computer Pens or Pencils |
| Objective: De of food. | emonstrate cleaning, rinsing, | and sanitizing good practice | es to prevent contamination |
| 15 minutes | Cleaning and Sanitizing How to Wash, Rinse, and Sanitize | Contamination Charlie | Worksheet: Contamination Charlie Answer Key: Contamination Charlie |
| Conclusion | | | |
| 10 minutes | Lesson Summary Training Evaluation | Speed Action Planning Training Evaluation (Optional) | Worksheet: Speed Action Planning Optional: Training Evaluation & Training Certificate |
| Total Time: 30 |) minutes | | |

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Lesson-at-a-Glance

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Preparation Checklist

References

- Institute of Child Nutrition. (2017). Food safety in schools. https://theicn.org/icn-resources-a-z/foodsafety-in-schools
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- Institute of Child Nutrition. (2019). Food safety in child care. https://theicn.org/icn-resources-a-z/foodsafety-in-child-care/
- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food Safety and Inspection Service. (2015, March). Kitchen companion: Your safe food handbook. https://www.fsis.usda.gov/sites/default/files/media_ file/2020-12/Kitchen-Companion.pdf

Internet Resources

- ▶ Institute of Child Nutrition: <u>www.theicn.org</u>
- ▶ USDA's Team Nutrition: <u>https://www.fns.usda.gov/tn</u>

| Instructions: Use the Preparation Checklis |
|-----------------------------------------------|
| progress by checking off tasks as they are of |

| Done | Lesson Tasks |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Gather Mater | ials |
| | Training Script |
| | Computer and Projector Screen |
| | Worksheets and Handouts: Contamination Charlie handout Contamination Charlie answer key |
| | Pens or pencils (one per participant) |
| | Optional: Training Certificate/Evaluation/Feedback Form (one per participant) |
| Prepare for Le | esson |
| | Before the training day: |
| | Review the training script and research any relevant State or local requirements. The content reflects the Federal regulations and/or national best practices or standards. However, it's essential to include any additional State or local requirements when presenting this training. |
| | Make enough copies of the handouts for each participant. |
| | Test the PowerPoint on the computer and projector screen. |
| | Optional: Develop and print a session certificate/evaluation/feedback form (one per participant) |
| | On the training day: |
| | Place pens or pencils on tables (one per participant). |
| | Distribute materials to each participant. |
| | On the instructor's table: |
| | Training Script |
| | Instructor's copy of handouts and/or worksheets |
| | Optional: Session Evaluation/Feedback Forms |

st to prepare for the training session. Keep track of your completed.

Instructor's Note: Each section below has an accompanying slide(s). Review and share the content for each PowerPoint slide.

Introduction

Welcome!

Complete the following tasks:

- Distribute handouts to participants.
- ▶ Welcome participants to the training.
- name and one thing they would like to get from this training.

Review Current Knowledge

Ask posing question: Think about your child care facility's kitchen, classroom, and other areas. What are some things that you should clean and sanitize in child care facilities?

Feedback: Possible answers: f ood contact surfaces, sinks, equipment, toys, tables

Overview

Share core content: Properly cleaning and sanitizing reduces the opportunity for bacteria and viruses to contaminate food. Careful cleaning and sanitizing kitchen tools and work surfaces will reduce germs and help prevent foodborne illness in your kitchen.

Objective: Demonstrate cleaning, rinsing, and sanitizing good practices to prevent contamination of food.

Cleaning and Sanitizing

Ask posing question: What are the key steps in making sure a food contact surface is clean and sanitary?

Share core content: Proper cleaning and sanitizing reduces the opportunity for bacteria and viruses to contaminate food. Some of the important surfaces to clean and sanitize are any food contact surfaces, sinks, equipment, toys, and tables. Sanitizing toys and equipment stop crosscontamination.

Maintaining Safe Environments

Share core content: Cleaning and sanitizing are important for maintaining safe environments in child care settings. Child care employees who follow proper cleaning and sanitizing practices reduce the risk of cross-contamination that can lead to foodborne illnesses. Cross-contamination is defined as the transfer of bacteria or viruses from one surface to another.

Training Script

▶ Introduce yourself to the participants, and allow them to introduce themselves by sharing their

Wash, Rinse, and Sanitize

Share core content: Wash, rinse, and sanitize food contact surfaces on sinks, tables, equipment, utensils, thermometers, and carts.

- Before each use
- Between uses when preparing different types of raw animal foods such as eggs, fish, meat, and poultry
- Between uses when preparing ready-to-eat foods and raw animal foods such as eggs, fish, meat, and poultry
- Any time contamination occurs or is suspected
- Before preparing an allergen-free meal

Activity: Contamination Charlie Time: 10 minutes

- **Purpose:** The purpose of the activity is to assess a kitchen for cleaning, rinsing, and sanitizing food contact surfaces. Procedures, chemicals, and equipment used in the kitchen should be evaluated to follow best practices.
- Materials Needed: Contamination Charlie handout and Pen/Pencil
- Instructions: Distribute the Contamination Charlie handout. Have participants read the case study, and then turn to a partner and list ideas to prevent the situation. Also, ask them to review the Cleaning and Sanitizing fact sheet for ways Charlie could do a better job. Allow 5 minutes for participants to review the case study and discuss ideas with a partner. Ask each group to describe one problem and one "best practice recommendation" to prevent the problems created by Charlie.

Conclusion

Lesson Conclusion

Share core content: Careful cleaning and sanitizing help keep the child care environment safe. Food contact surfaces need to be washed, rinsed, and sanitized to prevent the contamination of food and cross-contamination with other surfaces in the child care center. Using the right chemicals in the right concentration keeps surfaces clean and sanitized.

Ask posing question: What questions do you have concerning the basics of cleaning, sanitizing, and disinfecting?

Activity: Speed Action Planning Time: 5 minutes

- their workplace.
- Pencil/Pen
- answer the following three questions to establish an action plan.
 - What did you learn in this training?
 - How will you apply this information in your current or future role?
 - When will you apply this information?

Once the participants have finished, encourage them to save this goal to a planner, calendar app, or other sources to ensure they follow through with their plan. Following this activity, dismiss the participants from the training.

Thank You!

Complete the following tasks:

- Conclude the training.
- theicn.org or 800-321-3054.
- Distribute any certificates or evaluations.

Purpose: The purpose of this activity is to establish future steps for applying the information in

Materials Needed: Speed Action Planning worksheet, Planner or Cell Phone Calendar App, and

Instructions: Distribute the Speed Action Planning worksheet. Inform participants that it is important to develop a plan for using the training's information. Ask them to take 1-2 minutes to

Refer participants to the Institute of Child Nutrition for additional information at <u>helpdesk@</u>

Contamination Charlie

| | hat could have been done to prevent |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| wo cle wa | ery week the lead cook at the CACFP c orktable. Each week the count of <i>E.co</i> caning and disinfecting done by the oshed down with a bucket filled with own with a rag from a bucket filled wi |
| | 5 |
| bu Ch | e source of the <i>E.coli</i> was found in th ickets with warm water, sanitizer, and arlie used a capful of bleach for each ater and mixed up the buckets from t |
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ory, then turn to the person next to you and make a list of s situation.

I care center took a bacterial count of the food preparation ept increasing. The lead cook looked at all aspects of ks and everything appeared in order. The tables were up and water, rinsed with clean water, and then wiped bleach water.

ility closet. Charlie, the custodian, filled the cleaning an rags each day for the kitchen and the classrooms. cket. He did not test the concentration of the bleach kitchen with the ones used in the diaper changing areas.

Speed Action Planning

Contamination Charlie Answer Key

Directions: Read through the following story, then turn to the person next to you and make a list of what could have been done to prevent this situation.

Every week the lead cook at the CACFP child care center took a bacterial count of the food preparation worktable. Each week the count of E.coli kept increasing. The lead cook looked at all aspects of cleaning and disinfecting done by the cooks and everything appeared in order. The tables were washed down with a bucket filled with soap and water, rinsed with clean water, and then wiped down with a rag from a bucket filled with bleach water.

The source of the E.coli was found in the utility closet. Charlie, the custodian, filled the cleaning buckets with warm water, sanitizer, and clean rags each day for the kitchen and the classrooms. Charlie used a capful of bleach for each bucket. He did not test the concentration of the bleach water and mixed up the buckets from the kitchen with the ones used in the diaper changing areas.

Ideal responses for suggestions to prevent the problems created by Charlie:

- Test concentration of sanitation solution
- Record concentration of sanitation solution
- Supervisor review charting records
- Use a quat-based sanitizer that is more stable
- > Dispense sanitizer using a pre-measured concentration hose kit
- > Label buckets for classrooms and kitchen and separate during storage
- Provide training for Charlie
- Document training
- ▶ Write standard operating procedures (SOPs) for cleaning and sanitizing work surfaces

Instructions: Today's training featured key information on how to use cleaning, rinsing, and sanitizing good practices to prevent contamination of food. Answer the following three questions to establish an action plan for using the information.

1. What did you learn in this training?

2. How will you apply this information in your current or future roles?

3. When will you apply this information (e.g., one week, one month, six months, etc.)?



The University of Mississippi School of Applied Sciences 800-321-3054 www.theicn.org