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2



Objectives

- · Define local food procurement
- Explain how to get started and how to enhance local food
- Identify opportunities to partner with farmers and other divisions to promote the use of local foods in school nutrition
- · Review and document food safety practices
- · Identify local food procurement resources



4

Farm to School Procurement: Types of Local Food

- Apples
- Aquaculture
- Broilers
- · Cattle and calves
- Corn Cotton
- Cucumbers
- Dairy
- Grapes · Green beans

- Hay
- Hogs
- Peaches
- Potatoes
- Pumpkins
- · Sheep and lamps
- Soybeans
- Tomatoes
- Turkeys Watermelon



5

Farm to School Procurement: **Definition of Local Food**



You decide!

	SCHOOL NUTRITION PROGRAM
	VINGINIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATIO



Purchasing Local Food for the Whole Tray

- Locally grown fruits and vegetables
- Pulaski County sources beef from local ranchers
- Prince William County sources local tortilla chips



8





Incorporate Local Foods into the School Nutrition Program

- Start with the menu!
- Utilize larger amounts of local in main dishes
- Use existing recipes to maximize locally procured foods
- Modify recipes to include local, based on availability and/or seasonality
- Expand menu offerings
- Incorporate locally grown items into the Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program





11

Incorporating Local Foods into the School **Nutrition Program**

- Nutrition education opportunities:

 o Harvest of the Month

 - Taste tests
 - Smoothie bikes
 - School gardens Farm visits
 - Farmer in the classroom and/or

 - cafeteria (Farm to School Day) Virginia Farm to School Week





Let's Chat!

- Based on your current menu and existing recipes, what specific produce items could you procure in January?
 - Apples
 Beets
 Cabbage

 - Carrots Carrots (rainbow)

 - Celery Root
 Collard Greens
 - Fennel

 - Garlic Kohlrabi
 - Leeks

- Potatoes Radishes (Red, Watermelon, Purple Daikon)
 - Rutabaga Salad Mix (Hydroponic)

 - SpinachSunchokes
- Sweet Potatoes
 Swiss Chard
- o Tomatoes (Hydroponic)
- TurnipsWinter Squash

13

The 4 P's for Local Procurement

- Plan
- Purchase
- Prepare
- · Promote



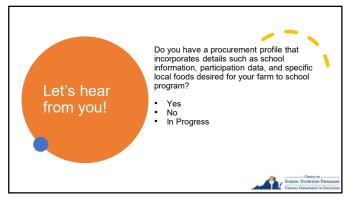
14

Incorporating Local Food Purchases into the Procurement Profile

- · Calculate statistical budget information
- Describe demographics and operational details
- · Identify key purchasing initiatives
- · Define sales calls policy







Hot Potatoes - Planning!

- □ Complete Procurement Profile□ Review cycle menu and identify local items to buy
- □ Forecast quantity
- Identify storage
 procedures/space/additional equipment
 for production



17

Hot Potatoes - Planning! (Continued)

- □ Identify local source(s) that meet your needs
 Virginia Food Market Maker
 □ See resource handout

 - Cooperative Extension
- MARKET MAKER
- See resource handout
 Identify other divisions or organizations (colleges/universities, hospitals, and restaurants) buying local in your area
 Identify distribution/transportation channels
- Producer, distributor, Food Hub or Cooperative





The 4 P's for Local Procurement

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- Purchase
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20

Hot Potatoes - Purchasing!

□Write or work with your purchasing department to develop the solicitation/boilerplate

□Remember to include information such as:

- Number of schools or delivery sites
- Delivery windows
- · Payment terms
- · Food safety requirements
- · Liability insurance
- · What else?



Spec Your Tubers!

☐Write specification; consider:

- Type/variety
 Quality, condition (may use U.S. Grade Standards)
- Cleaned and/or trimmed requirements
- Type of packingSize of container, weight of container, type o container





Hot Potatoes – Purchasing! (Continued)

- · Determine Procurement Method
 - o Micro-purchases up to \$10,000
 - Simplified Acquisition Threshold up to \$200,000
 - Sealed Bids (IFB's) and Requests for Proposals when costs exceed \$200,000



23

Geographic Preference

- Divisions may apply geographic preference
- More information included in the Virginia Farm to School Toolkit



Hot Potatoes – Purchasing! (Continued)

- ☐ Describe the business processes to potential partners
 □Publicize solicitation
 □Receive and evaluate submittals

- ☐Award and execute contract
- ☐ Manage and monitor the procurement service, quality, price, and contract compliance



25

The 4 P's for Local Procurement

- Plan
- Purchase
- Prepare
- · Promote



26

Hot Potatoes - Preparing!

- Review and or modify recipe(s)
 Confirm recipe and portion yield and recommended portion tool
 Test quality holding temperature and time
 Conduct staff training (retest recipe)

- Photograph recipe or make a video of production
 Identify serving container



The 4 P's for Local Procurement

- Plan
- Purchase
- Prepare
- · Promote



28





29





Food Safety: From Farm to School

- Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA)
- Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)
- Good Handling Practices (GHPs)
- · Traceability
- · On site Farm Visits

31

Food Safety Modernization Act of 2011 (FSMA)

- · Established regulatory standards
- · Developed the Produce Safety Rule -Growing, harvesting, packing and holding standards (some produce items exempt)





32

Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs) & Good Handling Practices (GHPs)

- · Proactive steps to reduce or mitigate risks of foodborne illness
- Identifies critical contact points or points of contamination
 - 。 Water

 - 。 Humans
 - 。 Animals
 - Tools/equipment









35



Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)

- Soil
- CompostEPA sets guidelines
- Raw manure
- 2 weeks before planting and 120+ days before harvest
- Always keep records





38

Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs) & Good Handling Practices (GHPs) – Worker Health and Hygiene

- · Handwashing facilities
- Toilet
- · Glove use









Traceability

– One Step
Forward;
One Step
Back



40

Traceability Documentation

 Schools can purchase from the farm, co-ops, distributor, produce distributor, or obtain food items from the school garden



41

GAP Certification

- GAP Audit to Obtain Certification (\$)
- GAP Certification
- · Harmonized GAP
- Group GAP
- Not Mandatory for School Nutrition Programs



Food Safety Criteria and Expectations



- Has the producer identified on-farm food safety risks for their farm?
- Does the producer have a written food safety plan and/or procedures in place to mitigate identified risks, such as providing worker health and hygiene training?
- How are food safety policies, procedures, and practices verified?
- How much liability insurance does the producer carry?



43

Liability Insurance

- · Types of Insurance
 - · Food product liability
 - General farm liability · Commercial business liability
- Bodily injury does not include transmission of bacteria, viruses, parasites, or other foodborne hazards



44

Farm Visits to Verify Food Safety Practices

- Have all workers, including family members, been trained in proper health, hygiene, and produce handling practices and policies for any of the stages they are involved in?
- Are visitors instructed in expectations, especially if they are allowed in any production and packing areas?
- Is appropriate signage posted to remind workers and visitors of food safety practices and policies?
- Are port-a-johns or indoor restrooms and wash stations readily available?
- Do all workers and visitors wash hands after using the restroom and at other specified times as stated in training/policy?



Verifying On-Farm Food Safety Verifying On-Farm Food Safety First to purchasing produce from a load form; should autorition operators should set the farm to observe from the farmers of should autorition operators of should set the farm to observe from the farmers of should autorition operators of should set the farmer observed from the farmers of should as your schoold, your may with an organized a system of the farmer of should an extracted effectors in your parkinal groupestarts or bodies. In the farmer of should not be closed as suffered effectors in your state, and the content of should be content of the farmer of should be content of the farmer of should be content of the farmer of the should be content of the farmer of the far

46

Incorporating Farm to School within the Food Safety Plan

- Receiving
- Storing
- Preparing
- Cooking
- HoldingServing
- Cooling
- Reheating





School Food Safety Plan

- · Site specific plan
- · HACCP-based SOPs





VDOE-SNP as a Resource

- · Regional SNP Specialist
- · Regional CNP Specialist
- · Procurement and FSMC Contracts Specialist
- · Lead Farm to School Specialist



50

Contact Information

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USDA Buying Local Food Resources

USDA Patrick Leahy Farm to School Website:

- Procuring Local Foods in Child Nutrition Handbook
- Farm to School Fact Sheets
- Finding, Buying, and Serving Local Foods Webinar Series
- Farm to School Policy Memos and Regulations



52

VDOE Farm to School Website

- · Virginia Farm to School Toolkit
- · Procurement Templates
- · Resources related to:
 - 。 Farm to School Procurement
 - Nutrition Education
 - School Gardens
 - 。 Seasonal Availability Calendar
- · Link to Resources



53

Virginia Partners

- · VDACS Virginia MarketMaker Website
- Virginia Cooperative Extension Farm to School Program Team





