Adult Day Care Food Allergy Fact Sheet



Managing Food Allergies: Adult Day Care Staff

1. Locate and read the adult day care site's procedures for handling food allergies.

- Understand your role in keeping participants with food allergies safe.
- Know how to activate your site's emergency action plan if a participant has an allergic reaction.

2. Be familiar with each participant's food allergy(s) and food allergy action plan.

- Know your site's procedures to identify participants who have food allergies.
- Know how to implement each participant's food allergy action plan (i.e., emergency care plan). Keep them in a secure place that is easy to find.
- Keep the details of each participant's food allergy(s) confidential.
- Seek clarification if the medical statement is not clear. Ask your manager or director to contact the participating adult, family, caregiver, or guardian, if necessary.
- Do not serve any food that contains or has come in contact with an allergen to a participant with a food allergy. If a food is suspected to contain or you cannot confirm that it does not contain the food allergen, avoid serving the food.
- Follow the instructions in the participant's medical statement if available. If a food allergy can be accommodated within the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) adult meal pattern, a medical statement is not required. For this situation, be familiar with how to safely serve the participant with the food allergy.

3. Read ingredient lists to check for allergens (foods that can cause allergic reactions).

- Most ingredient lists state the major eight foods causing allergic reactions using their common name (milk, eggs, peanuts, tree nuts, wheat, soy, fish, and crustacean shellfish).
 - In 2021, the Food Allergy Safety, Treatment, Education, and Research Act (FASTER) was passed into law. This act adds sesame as a major allergen. It took effect on January 1, 2023. Contact the food manufacturer if there is any uncertainty about a food containing sesame.
- Check food labels for advisory statements such as "may contain," "produced on shared equipment," or "produced in a plant that uses." These foods should not be served to participants with food allergies.
- Check food labels and ingredient lists for allergens on every product each time the product is purchased and received. Contact the manufacturer if the label is unclear.
- Maintain food labels for a minimum of 24 hours after the food is served.



Adult Day Care Food Allergy Fact Sheet

Managing Food Allergies: Adult Day Care Staff

4. Avoid cross-contact when preparing and serving food.

- Personal Hygiene
 - Wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds before and after each task. Using water alone or hand sanitizer alone does not properly remove allergens.
 - Wash your hands and change your single-use gloves before handling allergen-free foods.
- Cleaning and Sanitizing
 - Wash, rinse, and sanitize all cookware and utensils before and after each use when preparing allergen-free foods. Using warm soapy water and friction is the only way to properly remove allergens.
 - Wash, rinse, and sanitize all food contact surfaces before use.
- Food Preparation
 - Designate utensils and cookware to be used for allergen-free foods for that meal.
 - Designate an allergen-free zone in the kitchen. When working with multiple food allergies, set up procedures to prevent cross-contact.
 - Follow standardized recipes exactly as written.
 - Use freshly laundered potholders and oven mitts when making allergen-free food items. Wash hands before and after using potholders and oven mitts.





- Food Service
 - Wash, rinse, and sanitize tables and chairs before and after each meal and as needed.
 - Use designated serving utensils for allergen-free foods.
 - Prevent participants from sharing utensils, food, drinks, and straws.
 - When serving meals family style to participants with food allergies, take special
 precautions to prevent cross-contact. Take steps to assure a participant with allergies
 is not accidentally exposed to foods that can cause allergic reactions. Label all allergysafe foods and have the allergic participant take the foods they can eat from the regular
 menu before all other participants to prevent cross-contact.



Adult Day Care Food Allergy Fact Sheet

Managing Food Allergies: Adult Day Care Staff

References

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2013). *Voluntary guidelines for managing food allergies in schools and early care and education programs.* <u>www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/foodallergies/</u>
- Food Allergy Research & Education. (2021, April 23). *With the stroke of President Biden's pen, FASTER Act for sesame labeling becomes law*. <u>https://www.foodallergy.org/media-room/</u> <u>stroke-president-bidens-pen-faster-act-sesame-labeling-becomes-law</u>
- Institute of Child Nutrition. (2016). Serving safe food to students with food allergies sample SOP. https://theicn.org/food-safety
- U.S. Department of Agriculture. (2017, June 22). *Modifications to accommodate disabilities in the Child and Adult Care Food Program and Summer Food Service Program*. <u>https://www.fns.</u> <u>usda.gov/modifications-accommodate-disabilities-cacfp-and-sfsp</u>
- U.S. Food and Drug Administration. (2018, July 16). *Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act of 2004 (FALCPA)*. <u>https://www.fda.gov/Food/GuidanceRegulation/</u> <u>GuidanceDocumentsRegulatoryInformation/Allergens/ucm106187.htm</u>
- U.S. Food and Drug Administration. (2021, May 5). *Food allergies.* <u>https://www.fda.gov/food/food-labeling-nutrition/food-allergies</u>
- U.S. Library of Congress. (2021). Summary: S.578 FASTER Act of 2021. <u>https://www.congress.gov/</u> bill/117th-congress/senate-bill/578?q=%7B%22search%22%3A%5B%22S.+578%22%5D%7D &s=1&r=1

For More Information

American Academy of Allergy, Asthma & Immunology www.aaaai.org

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov/healthyschools/foodallergies

Food Allergy Research & Education www.foodallergy.org

Food Insight (website sponsored by International Food Information Council Foundation) <u>www.foodinsight.org</u>

Institute of Child Nutrition www.theicn.org/foodsafety

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases niaid.nih.gov



Adult Day Care Food Allergy Fact Sheet

Managing Food Allergies: Adult Day Care Staff

National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care and Early Education <u>www.nrckids.org</u>

School Nutrition Association www.schoolnutrition.org

U.S. Department of Agriculture www.fns.usda.gov/food-safety/food-safety-resources

U.S. Food and Drug Administration Food Allergens www.fda.gov/Food/IngredientsPackagingLabeling/FoodAllergens/default.htm

USDA National Agricultural Library www.nal.usda.gov

This project was funded using U.S. Department of Agriculture grant funds.

This project was funded using U.S. Department of Agriculture grant funds. This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

The University of Mississippi is an EEO/AA/Title VI/Title IX/Section 504/ADA/ADEA employer.

For more information and the nondiscrimination statement in other languages:

https://www.fns.usda.gov/civil-rights/usda-nondiscrimination-statement-other-fns-programs

Except as provided below, you may freely use the text and information contained in this document for non-profit or educational use with no cost to the participant for the training providing the following credit is included. These materials may not be incorporated into other websites or textbooks and may not be sold.

Suggested Reference Citation:

Institute of Child Nutrition. (2024). Adult day care food allergy fact sheet – managing food allergies: Adult day care staff. University, MS: Author.

The photographs and images in this document may be owned by third parties and used by the University of Mississippi under a licensing agreement. The university cannot, therefore, grant permission to use these images. Please contact helpdesk@theicn.org for more information.

© 2024, Institute of Child Nutrition, The University of Mississippi, School of Applied Sciences

09/12/2024

